Before-reading questions

Reader's own answers.

During-reading questions

CHAPTER ONE

- 1 He was born on 2nd October 1869, in the small town of Porbandar in the west of India.
- **2** He wanted India and the Indian people to be independent from the British.
- 3 Example answer: He was their leader and their father.

CHAPTER TWO

- 1 He did not want to see the other school children.
- **2** He wanted to study to be a lawyer.
- **3** His first job was in the big city of Bombay.

CHAPTER THREE

- 1 He first went to South Africa in 1893.
- **2** They were the British and the Boers.
- **3** He read that the South African government wanted to stop Indian people from voting.
- **4** He wanted to fight for the rights of Indian people there.

CHAPTER FOUR

- 1 He wanted Gandhi to fight for Indian independence.
- **2** They destroyed their ID cards as a peaceful protest. The police could arrest any Asian person with no ID card and send them to
- **3** Yes, they did. We know because, in 1914, the Transvaal government stopped the Black Act.
- 4 He wanted to help farmers and workers to get more money for their work.

CHAPTER FIVE

- 1 He wanted untouchables to have the right to vote.
- 2 They wanted Hindus and Muslims to fight and not to fight the British.
- **3** People could not start protests in the city or come together in groups. But over 10,000 people came together in the streets and General Dyer was angry.

CHAPTER SIX

- 1 Gandhi wanted to teach Indian people about peaceful protest.
- **2** He started a small peaceful protest in Bardoli, but people at the protest started fighting with
- **3** He went to London because the British were frightened. They wanted to talk to Gandhi and the Indian National Congress about India.

CHAPTER SEVEN

- 1 She got ill and died in prison in 1944.
- **2** They gave India its independence on 15th August 1947.
- **3** On 30th January 1948, a Hindu man called Nathuram Godse shot and killed Gandhi.

After-reading questions

- 1 *Example answer*: Mohandas wanted to be a lawyer because he wanted to help people to get better lives.
- **2** Example answer: Gandhi wrote letters to the newspapers. He gave English lessons to many Indian workers. He started a group called the Natal Indian Congress, and the group fought for the rights of Indian people in South Africa. He talked to the South African government about the lives of poor workers and tried to get them clean water and better toilets. He also wrote books.

- **3** Example answer: Gandhi believed in equal rights for all people, but the different castes had different rights. The untouchables had hard and dirty jobs. They were always very poor, and their lives were difficult.
- 4 Reader's own answer.
- **5** Reader's own answer.

Exercises

CHAPTER ONE

- 1 Mahatma (Mohandas) Gandhi was born in a **small** town in India.
 - 2 Mohandas was the **youngest** of four children.
 - 3 Mohandas started **peaceful** protests because he wanted an independent India.
 - 4 Mohandas started an ambulance group to help **injured** people in the war.
 - **5** Mohandas believed in **equal** rights for all people.

CHAPTER TWO

- 1 In Porbandar, Mohandas's father worked for the **government**.
 - **2** After school, Mohandas went to a **Hindu** temple with his mother.
 - **3** Stories taught Mohandas to always tell the truth and to help people.
 - **4** Mohandas studied to be a **lawyer** at university in England.
 - **5** Mohandas liked religion and believed in a higher **power**.

CHAPTER THREE

- 1 Yes, it was.
- **2** No, they did not.
- **3** Yes, they did.
- 4 Yes, he was.
- **5** Yes, he did.
- 6 No, it did not.
- **7** Yes, there were.

CHAPTER FOUR

- **2** e
- **4** b
- **5** f
- **6** a
- **3** d **7** g

CHAPTER FIVE

- - 1 Gandhi did not like the Hindu caste system.
 - **2** Gandhi wanted equal rights for untouchables.
 - **3** Hindus and Muslims **fought** in cities all across India.
 - 4 The British did not give India its own government after the First World War.
 - **5** Peaceful protests **made** General Dyer very
 - **6** Now, people **could not** start protests in the
 - 7 General Dyer's officers shot and killed hundreds of people.

CHAPTER SIX

- 1 true
- 2 false
- **3** false
- 4 false
- 5 true
- - 1 It is Mahatma Gandhi.
 - 2 It is in the village of Dandi on 5th April 1930.
 - **3** He is taking sea salt from sea water.
 - **4** He wants to show Indian independence to Britain.

CHAPTER SEVEN

- **8** 1 India **helped** Britain in the Second World War.
 - **2** Gandhi **worked** for an equal India.
 - **3** The British government was **not happy** about Gandhi's peaceful protests.
 - **4** Gandhi **could not stop** the fights between Hindus and Muslims.
 - **5** The British **gave** India independence in August 1947.
 - **6** Pakistan **was** a new country for Muslims.
 - 7 Nathuram Godse **shot and killed** Gandhi in 1948.

Project work

Reader's own answers.

